Exercise 1. For each of the following sentences, state whether they are true or find a counterexample

1. if n = 1, for every v, w in E_1 there holds

 $v \cdot w = 0 \Rightarrow v = 0$ or w = 0

2. the same statement as in 1. except that $n \ge 2$.

When n = 2, given $v = (v_1, v_2)$ in E_2 , we define

$$v^{\perp} := (v_2, -v_1).$$

In the next questions the linear space is E_2 .

3. $||v|| = ||v^{\perp}||$

4. given v, w such that $w \neq 0$, we have

$$|v\cdot w|+|v\cdot w^{\perp}|=0\Rightarrow v=0$$

5. write the quantity

$$|v \cdot w|^2 + |v \cdot w^{\perp}|^2$$

in terms of ||v|| and ||w||6.

$$|v \cdot w| = |v \cdot w^{\perp}| \Rightarrow v = w + w^{\perp}$$

Exercise 2. Prove the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality

 $|v \cdot w| \le \|v\| \|w\|$

for every $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^n$ (start by squaring both terms $|v \cdot w|$ and ||v|| ||w||. It can be easier to look at the case n = 2 before the general case).